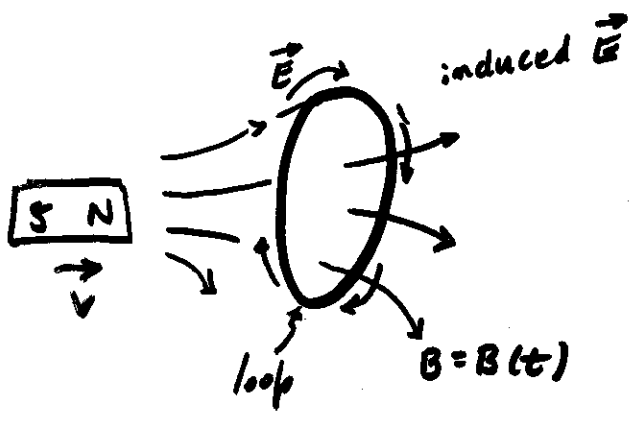


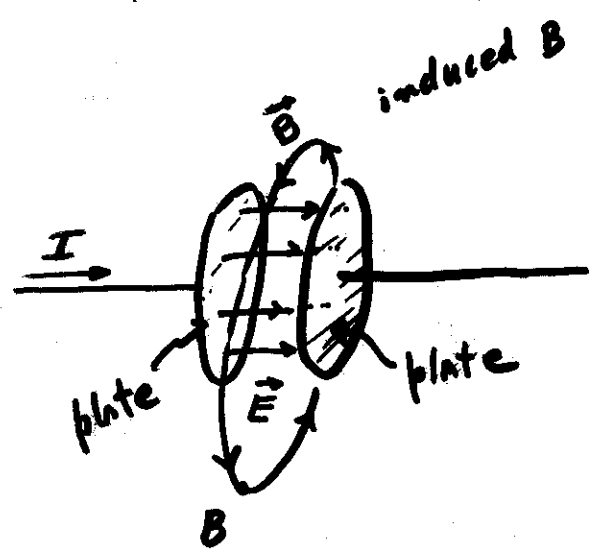
# Generating electromagnetic waves

Based on the time-dependent MAXWELL EQUATIONS



$$\int_{\text{loop}} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l} = - \frac{d}{dt} \int_{\text{surface}} \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{A}$$

You have control over  $\vec{B}(t)$  (move the magnet)  $\Rightarrow$  to generate  $\vec{E}$

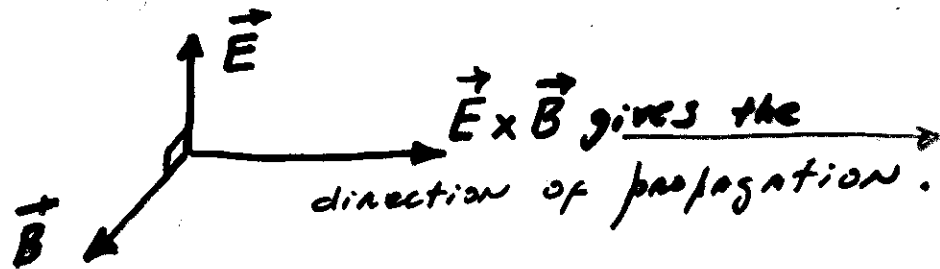


$$\int_{\text{loop}} \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 I + \mu_0 \frac{d}{dt} \epsilon_0 \int_{\text{surface}} \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A}$$

You have control over  $\vec{E}(t)$  (change the current)  $\Rightarrow$  to generate  $\vec{B}$

Notice:

- The previous two graphs show that  $\vec{E} \perp \vec{B}$
- We will not do it here, but it can be mathematically justified that the propagation of electromagnetic can be pictured in the following way



TRANSVERSE WAVE

## QUESTIONS

How do electromagnetic waves propagate?

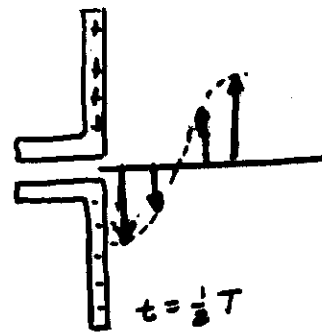
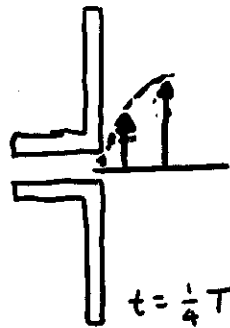
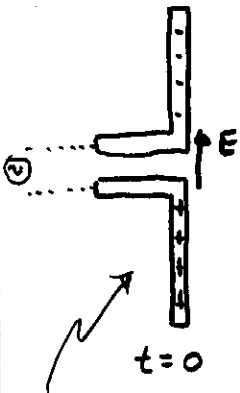
(Sound waves need "substance" to propagate. You can NOT hear in VACUUM. Do e-m waves need a medium to propagate?)

What is their speed?

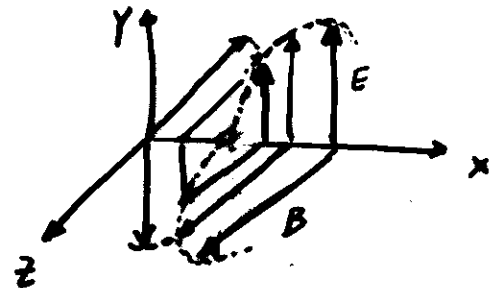
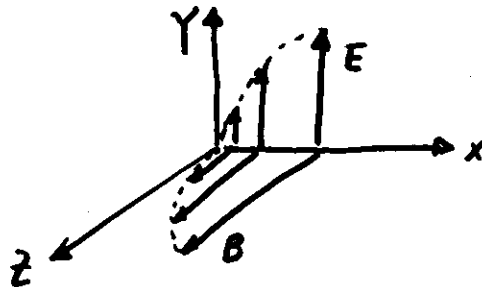
How to prove their existence?

# Electromagnetic waves

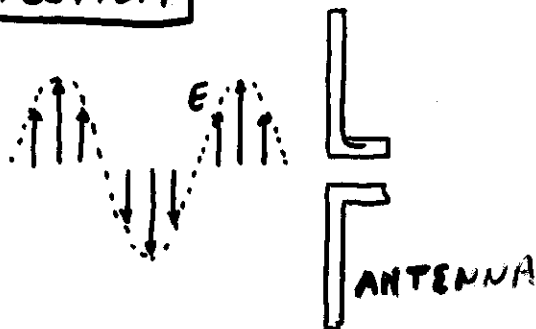
## GENERATION



ANTENNA FED  
by an alternating-  
current generator



## DETECTION



The alternating electric  
field of the wave pro-  
duces an alternating  
current in the  
antenna.

The alternating magnetic field  
of the wave produces an alter-  
nating magnetic flux in the  
loop antenna, i. e. an alter-  
nating e. m. f.

